

Modern computational methods in physics

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BIBLIOGRAPHY

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Exam - Modern computational methods in physics

One **project** with

- a numerical program (e.g. in Mathematica);
- supporting theory (**physics/ mathematics** and **numerical methods** used).

Processing of Physical Data and Numerical Methods - Overview

I. Solution of Linear Algebraic Equations

II. Non-linear Equations and Roots of Polynomials

III. Least Squares Methods for Curve Fitting

IV. Interpolation and Extrapolation

V. Numerical Evaluation of Derivatives

VI. Numerical Evaluation of Integrals

VII. Numerical Solution of Ordinary Differential Equations

VIII. Numerical Solution of Partial Differential Equations

IX. Numerical Solution of Integral Equations

I. Solution of Linear Algebraic Equations

1. Direct Methods

1. Upper (Superior) Triangular Matrix
2. Gaussian Elimination
3. Gauss-Jordan Elimination

2. Iterative Methods

1. Jacobi Method
2. Gauss-Seidel Method
3. Successive Over Relaxation

3. Solution by Matrix Decomposition

1. Doolittle Factorization
2. Crout Factorization
3. Cholesky Factorization

4. Tridiagonal and Band Diagonal Systems of Equation

1. Gaussian Elimination
2. Doolittle Factorization

5. Singular Value Decomposition

1. Singular Value Decomposition of a Square Matrix
2. Singular Value Decomposition for Fewer Equations than Unknowns
3. Singular Value Decomposition for More Equations than Unknowns

II. Non-linear Equations and Roots of Polynomials

- II.1 Bisection Method**
- II.2 Newton-Raphson Method**
- II.3 False Position and Secant Method**
- II.4 Müller's Method**
- II.5 Graeffe's Method**
- II.6 (Lin-)Bairstow Method**
- II.7 Laguerre's Method**
- II.8 Methods for Non-linear Systems of Equations**
 - II.8.1 Fixed Point Iteration Method**
 - II.8.2 Newton-Raphson Method**

III. Least Squares Methods for Curve Fitting – Linear Least Squares

- III.1 Least Squares Line**
- III.2 Least Squares Polynomials**

IV. Interpolation and Extrapolation

IV.1 Polynomial Interpolation

IV.1.1 Lagrange Interpolation

IV.1.2 Newton Interpolation

IV.2 Rational Function Interpolation

IV.3 (Cubic) Spline Interpolation

IV.4 Interpolation with Orthogonal Polynomials

V. Numerical Evaluation of Derivatives

V.1 Classical Difference Formulas

V.2 Richardson Extrapolation

VI. Numerical Evaluation of Integrals

VI.1 Classical Formulas for Equally Spaced Abscissas

VI.1.1 Closed Formulas

VI.1.2 Open Formulas

VI.1.3 Semi-open Formulas

VI.2 Gaussian Quadratures and Orthogonal Polynomials

VI.3 Monte-Carlo Integration (for one and two variables)

VII. Numerical Solution of Ordinary Differential Equations

Direct Methods for Initial Value Problems

VII.1 Euler's Method

VII.2 Runge-Kutta Methods

VII.3 Second-Order Conservative Equations

VIII. Numerical Solution of Partial Differential Equations

VIII.1 Elliptic PDE

VIII.2 Hyperbolic PDE

VIII.3 Parabolic PDE

IX. Numerical Solution of Integral Equations

Modern computational methods in physics

I. Review of Solution of Linear Algebraic Equations

II. Review of Non-linear Equations and Roots of Polynomials

III. Review of Numerical Evaluation of Derivatives and Integrals

IV. Numerical Solution of Ordinary Differential Equations

V. Numerical Solution of Partial Differential Equations

VIII.1 Elliptic PDE

VIII.2 Hyperbolic PDE

VIII.3 Parabolic PDE

VI. Numerical Solution of Integral Equations

Modern computational methods in physics

Laborator 1 – tasks:

Compute in Mathematica:

- Determine the eigenvalues and eigenvectors of a 3 x 3 matrix (using both, Mathematica's predefined commands and a direct algorithm)